1 Peter T. Haven (SBN 175048) **HAVEN LAW** 1230 Rosecrans Avenue, Suite 300 Manhattan Beach, California 90266 Tel: (213) 842-4617 Fax: (213) 477-2137 4 Email: peter@havenlaw.com 5 Attorney for Defendant MICHAEL R. PAPAYANS 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, WESTERN DIVISION 10 11 CORY SPENCER, an individual; Case No. 2:16-cv-2129-SJO (RAOx) DIANA MILENA REED, an **12** individual; and COASTAL PROTECTION RANGERS, INC., a REPLY BY DEFENDANT MICHAEL 13 California non-profit public benefit R. PAPAYANS REGARDING corporation; MOTION TO DISMISS FOR LACK 14 OF SUBJECT MATTER Plaintiffs, JURISDICTION; MEMORANDUM **15** OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES LUNADA BAY BOYS: THE **16** INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF THE LUNADA BAY BOYS, including but [Fed. Rules Civ. Proc., Rule 12(b)(1)] 17 not limited to SANG LEE, BRANT BLAKEMAN, ALAN JOHNSTON aka 18 JALIAN JOHNSTON, MICHAEL July 25, 2016 Date: Time: RAE PAPAYANS, ANGELO 10:00 a.m. 19 FERRARA, FRANK FERRARA. Place: Courtroom No. 1 CHARLIE FERRARA, and N.F.; CITY Second Floor 20 OF PALOS VERDES ÉSTATES 312 North Spring Street CHIEF OF POLICE JEFF KEPLEY, in Los Angeles, California 90012 21 his representative capacity; and DOES 1 **- 10.** 22 Hon. S. James Otero Defendants. 23 24 Defendant MICHAEL R. PAPAYANS submits this Reply regarding his 25 Motion to Dismiss this action pursuant to Rule 12(b)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil **26** Procedure due to lack of subject matter jurisdiction. 27 28

REPLY BY PAPAYANS RE MOTION TO DISMISS FOR LACK OF SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

The Court today ruled that Plaintiffs have stated a federal equal protection

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The Court's Discretion Regarding Supplemental Jurisdiction I.

claim. In light of this ruling, Defendant defers to the Court as to the exercise of 5 supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims. If the Court exercises such 6 7 8

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supplemental jurisdiction, Defendant reserves the right to raise the issue again. "While the district court's power to exercise jurisdiction under the 'same case or controversy' requirement in 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a) is one ordinarily resolved on the

pleadings, the court's decision to exercise that jurisdiction 'is one which remains 10 open throughout the litigation." Innovative Home Health Care, Inc. v. P.T.-O.T.

Associates of the Black Hills, 141 F.3d 1284, 1287 (8th Cir. 1998).

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II. Admiralty Jurisdiction May Not Be Based on Information and Belief

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In regard to admiralty jurisdiction, the Complaint alleges one specific injury suffered in the water by a Plaintiff. In January 2016, an unidentified individual "intentionally ran [Plaintiff Cory] Spencer over with his surfboard and sliced open Spencer's hand." Complaint, ¶ 21. Spencer also alleges that, in February 2016, he apparently "observed" from a "bluff" unidentified individuals "threaten and taunt [other] surfers." Id. It is not clear what Spencer observed, how badly his hand was injured, or what he claims as damages.

By contrast, the entire lawsuit in the Florida district court decision "grew out of" the accident between the surfer and the swimmer. Davis v. City of Jacksonville Beach, Florida, 251 F.Supp. 327, 328 (M.D.Fla. 1965). Similarly, admiralty jurisdiction also existed over tort claims by two women who were seriously injured when thrown off a jet-ski in San Diego's Mission Bay. In re Mission Bay Jet Sports, LLC, 570 F.3d 1124, 1125 (9th Cir. 2009).

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This lawsuit is not based on Spencer's hand injury. This lawsuit asserts admiralty jurisdiction based on allegations regarding access to the beach. The alleged maritime incidents, however, are all on "information and belief" and involved other surfers, swimmers, or visitors. Complaint, pp. 9-10, ¶ 18. "Allegations of federal subject matter jurisdiction may not be made on the basis of information and belief, only personal knowledge." Lyerla v. AMCO Ins. Co., 462 F. Supp. 2d 931, 931 (S.D.III. 2006) (citing Am.'s Best Inns, Inc. v. Best Inns of Abilene, L.P., 980 F.2d 1072, 1074 (7th Cir. 1992) (in diversity action, "only the affidavit made on personal knowledge has any value ('to the best of my knowledge and belief' is insufficient), ...because it says nothing about citizenship.") Information-and-belief allegations are not sufficient for admiralty jurisdiction. DATED: July 12, 2016 **HAVEN LAW** By: s/ Peter T. Haven Attorney for Defendant MICHÁEL R. PAPAYANS